Risk assessment of backyard dwellers in Klapmuts

In response to the need identified by Stellenbosch Municipality for an informed understanding of the living conditions among growing numbers of backyard dwellers in Klapmuts, Disaster Risk Studies post-graduate students from the Department of Geography & Environmental Studies at Stellenbosch University undertook a research project between 29 March and 8 April 2016. Working in collaboration with the Klapmuts community and Stellenbosch Municipality, students were tasked to determine the risk and vulnerability context of backyard dwellers. This involved a qualitative risk assessment of backyard dwellings in a designated survey area consisting of all subsidy housing constructed between 1997 and 2009, but excluding other subsequent housing developments built after 2012. A sample of 150 backyard households were interviewed, while the spatial extent of all houses accommodating backyard dwellings was recorded.

The findings were intended as a barometer of the social needs of the Klapmuts community and the project outputs included: maps illustrating the spatial extent of backyards in the area; quantitative and qualitative information detailing backyard living conditions; and a detailed risk profile of the backyard population of Klapmuts. The key developmental issues and recommendations for policy and practise are found in the full report.