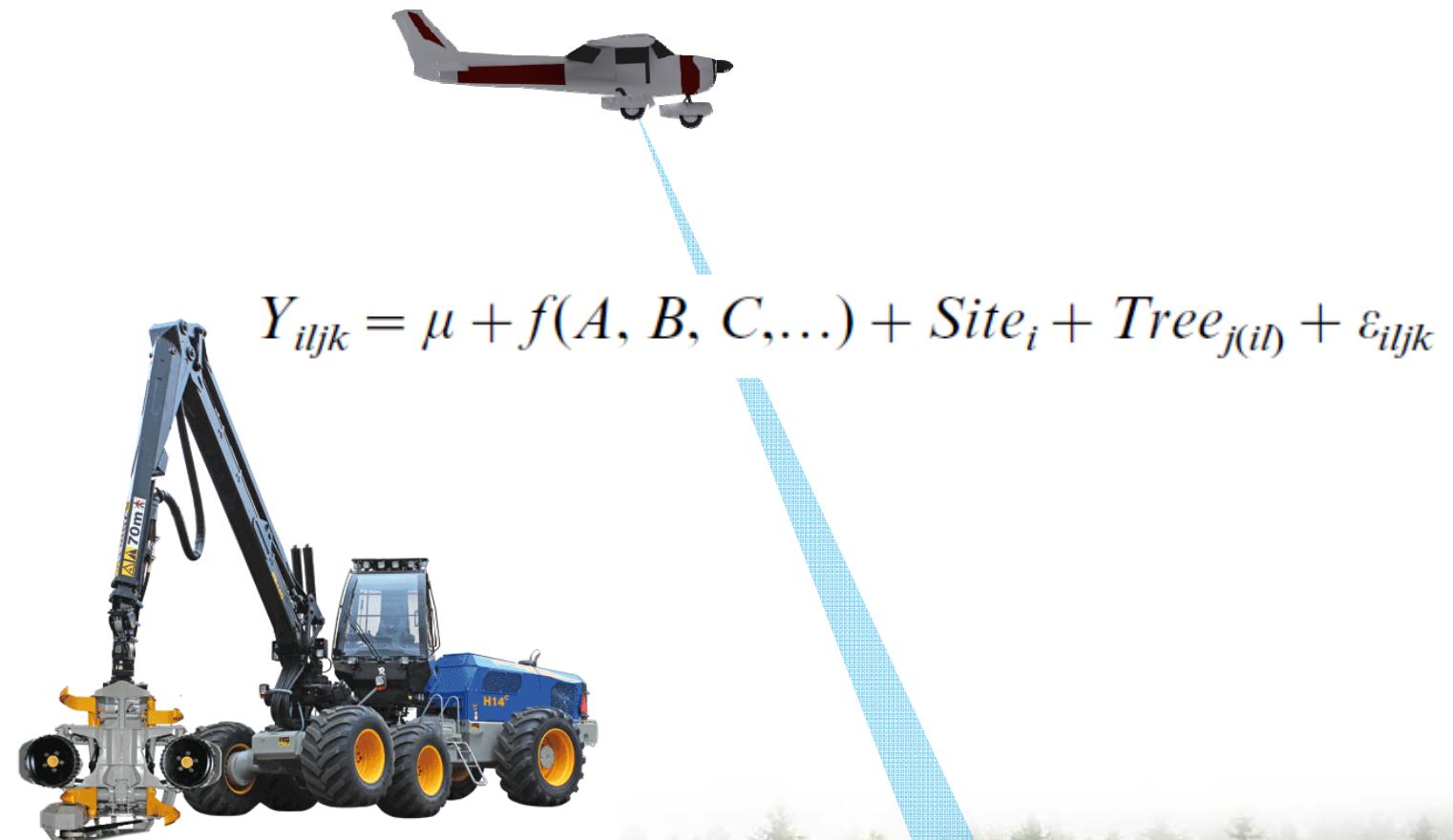


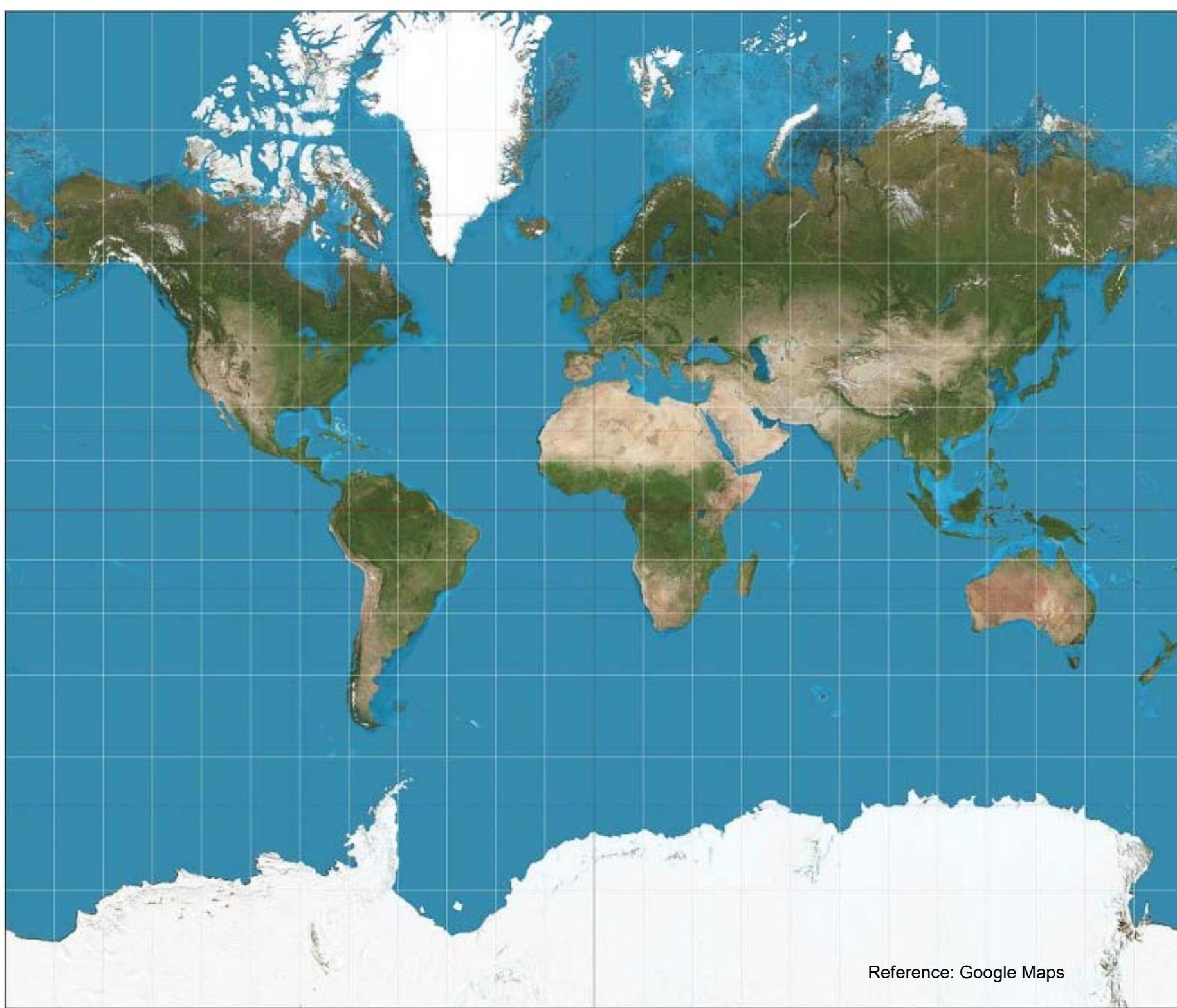
# New values to the bio-based industry by precision wood characterisation and delivery



Background picture from:  
The Swedish Forest Sector Research Agenda (2017)  
© Swedish Forest Industries Federation

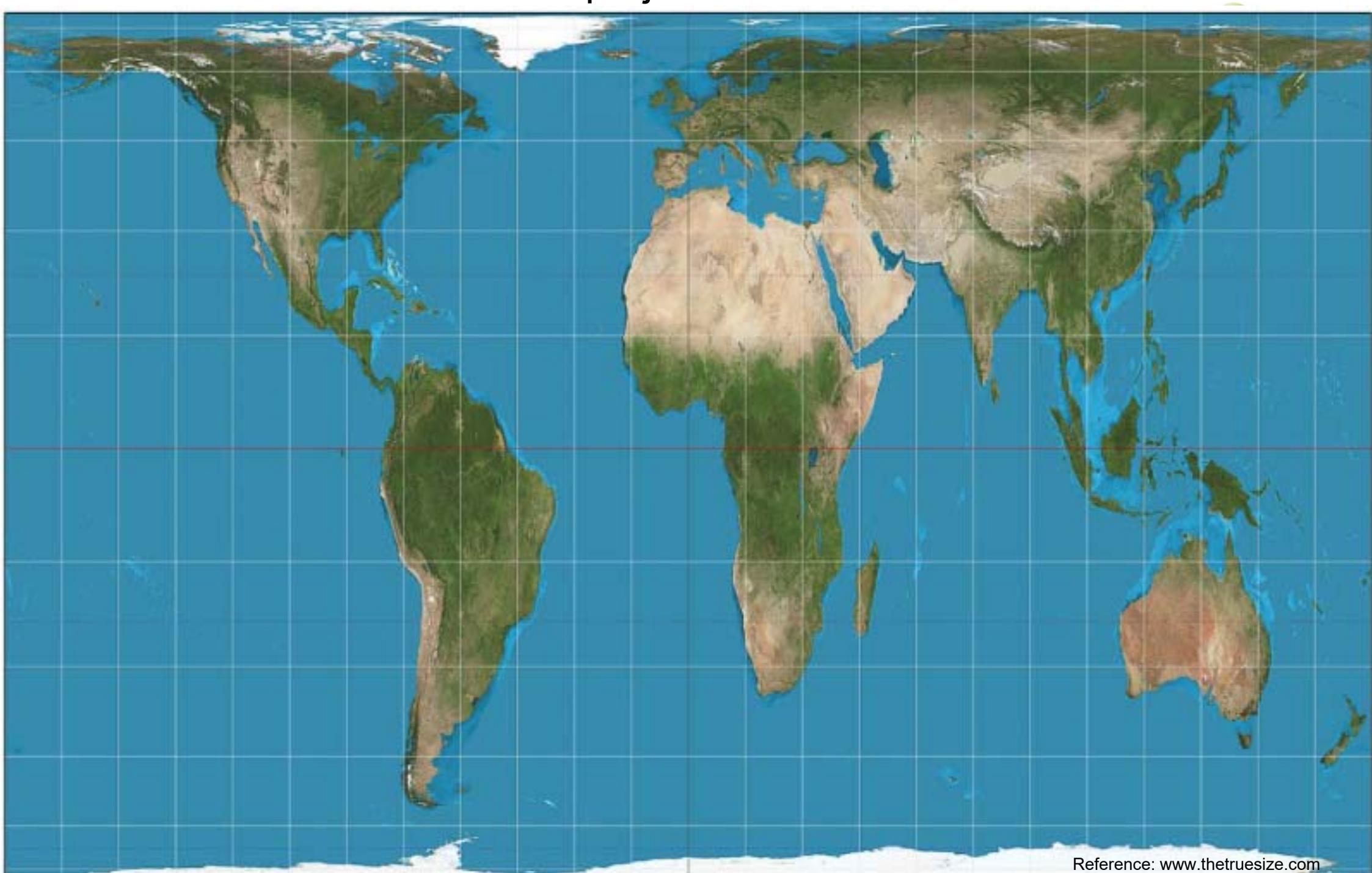
Lars Wilhelmsson & John Arlinger

The world  
in  
Mercator  
projection  
e.g.  
Google  
Maps

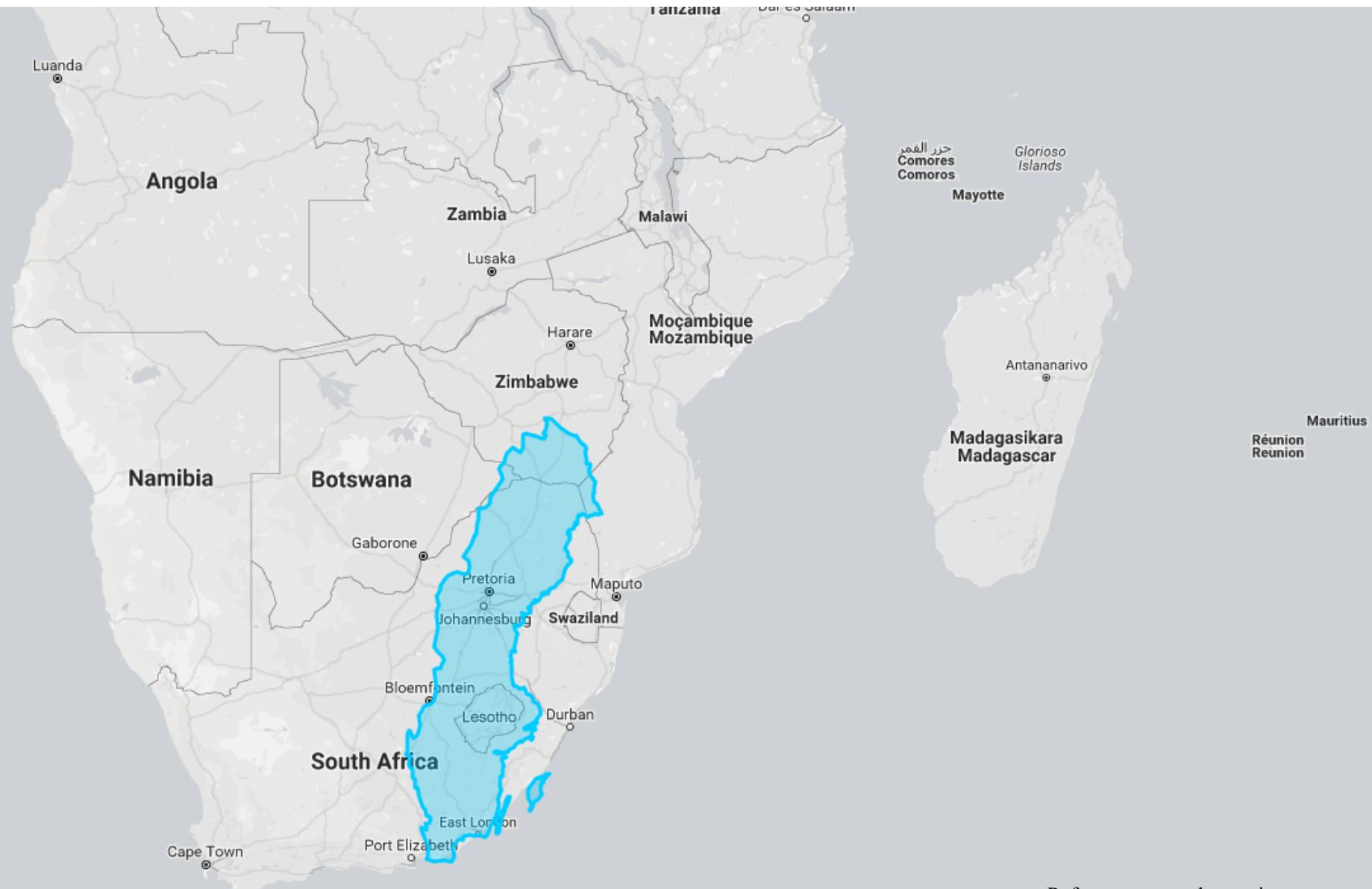


Reference: Google Maps

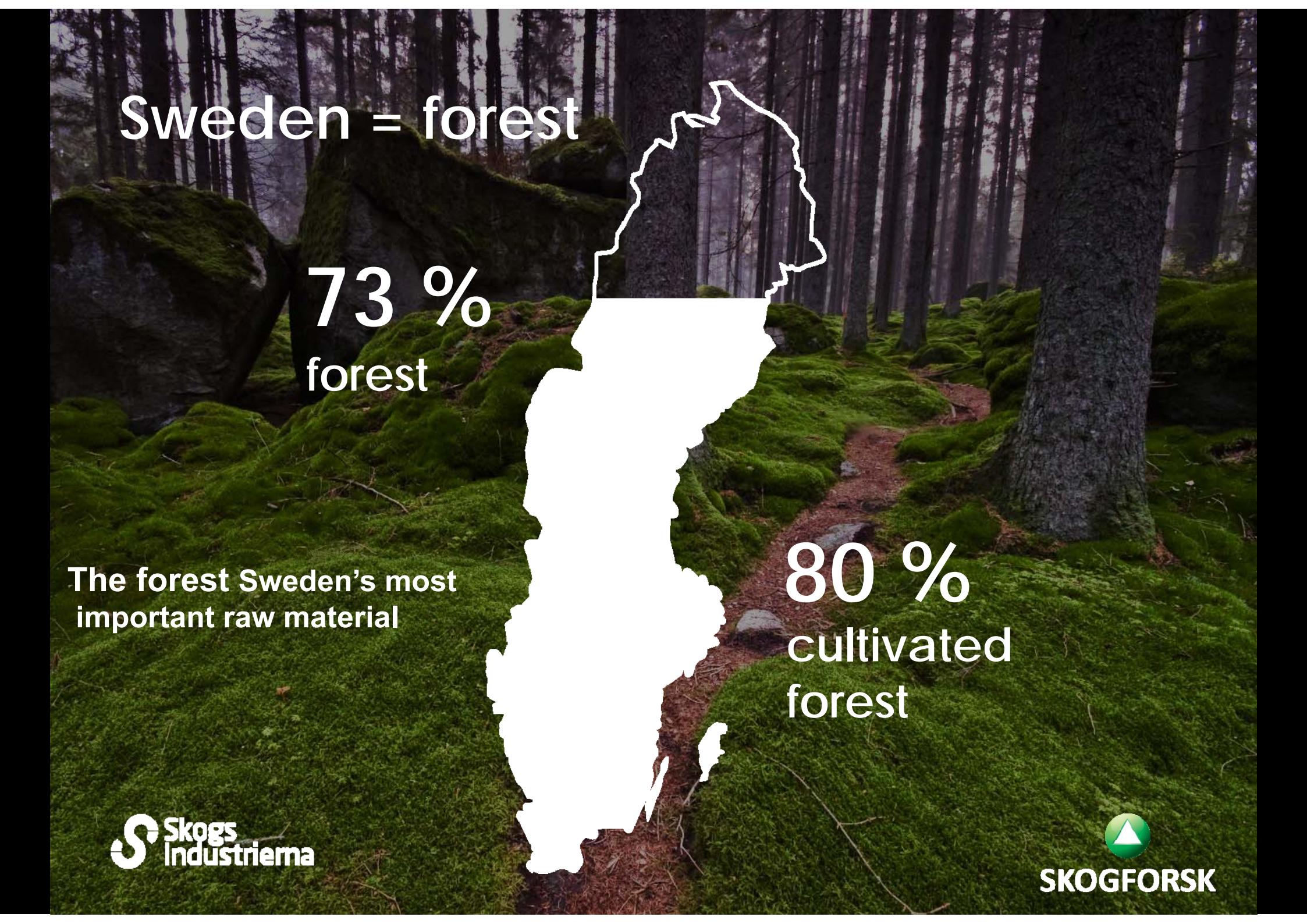
# "True size" projection



# "True size" of Sweden



Reference: [www.thetruesize.com](http://www.thetruesize.com)



Sweden = forest

73 %  
forest

The forest Sweden's most  
important raw material

80 %  
cultivated  
forest

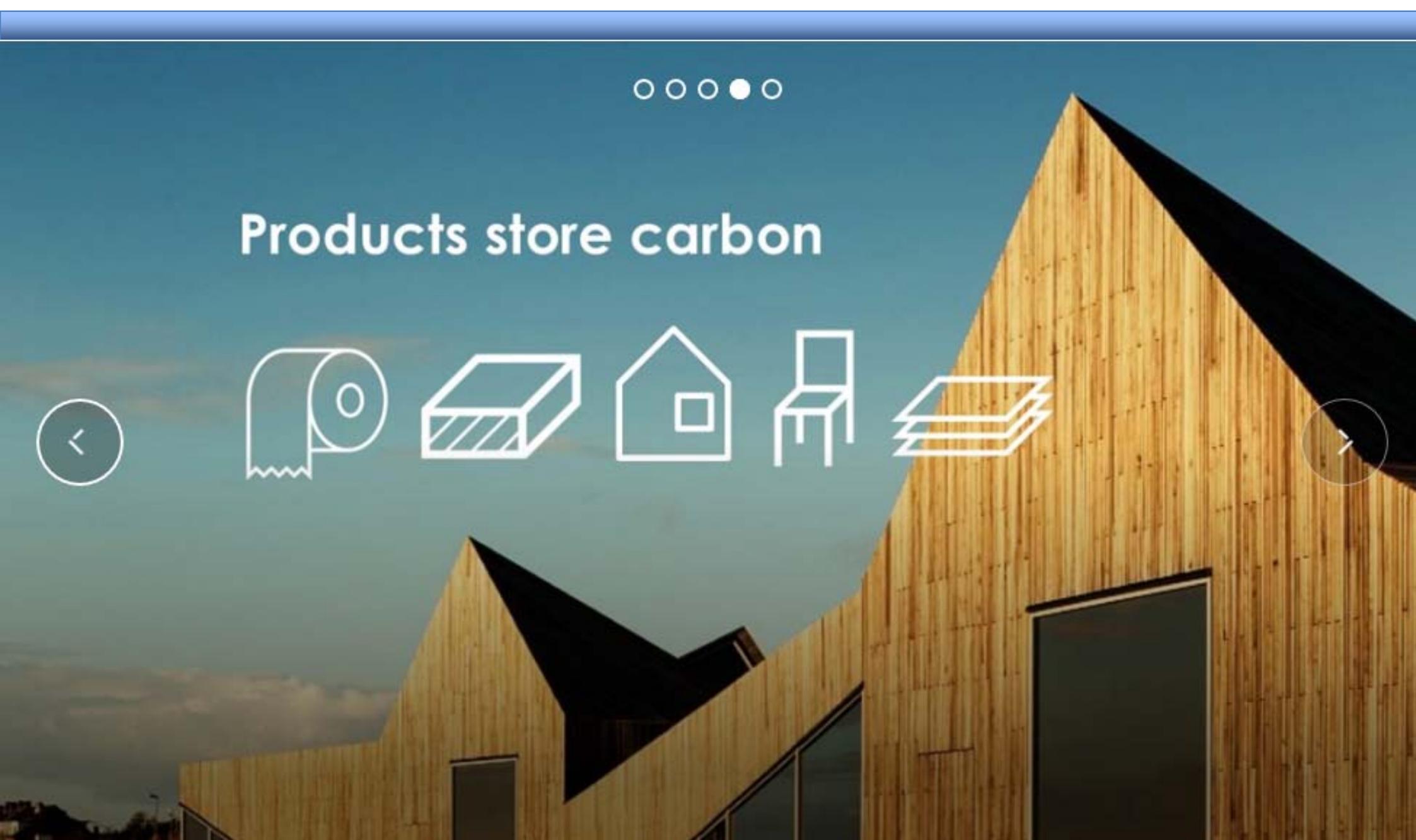


# Growing forests bind carbon



○○○●○

# Products store carbon



0000•

# Biomaterials replace fossil-based materials



# Forestry and the forest branch contributes to solutions!

## Sustainable Development Goals



TRANSFORMING OUR  
WORLD:  
THE 2030 AGENDA FOR  
SUSTAINABLE  
DEVELOPMENT

**1** NO  
POVERTY



**2** ZERO  
HUNGER



**3** GOOD HEALTH  
AND WELL-BEING



**4** QUALITY  
EDUCATION



**5** GENDER  
EQUALITY



**6** CLEAN WATER  
AND SANITATION



**7** AFFORDABLE AND  
CLEAN ENERGY



**8** DECENT WORK AND  
ECONOMIC GROWTH



**9** INDUSTRY, INNOVATION  
AND INFRASTRUCTURE



**10** REDUCED  
INEQUALITIES



**11** SUSTAINABLE CITIES  
AND COMMUNITIES



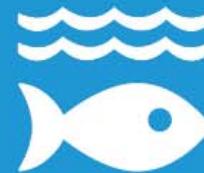
**12** RESPONSIBLE  
CONSUMPTION  
AND PRODUCTION



**13** CLIMATE ACTION



**14** LIFE  
BELOW WATER



**15** LIFE  
ON LAND



**16** PEACE, JUSTICE  
AND STRONG  
INSTITUTIONS



**17** PARTNERSHIPS  
FOR THE GOALS



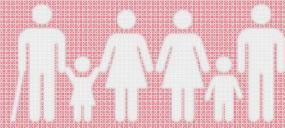
# Forestry and the forest branch contributes to solutions!

## Sustainable Development Goals



TRANSFORMING OUR  
WORLD:  
THE 2030 AGENDA FOR  
SUSTAINABLE  
DEVELOPMENT

1 NO  
POVERTY



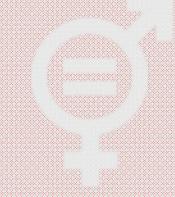
2 ZERO  
HUNGER



3 GOOD HEALTH  
AND WELL-BEING



5 GENDER  
EQUALITY



6 CLEAN WATER  
AND SANITATION



7 AFFORDABLE AND  
CLEAN ENERGY



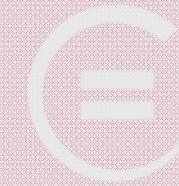
8 DECENT WORK AND  
ECONOMIC GROWTH



9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION  
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11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES  
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12 RESPONSIBLE  
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AND PRODUCTION



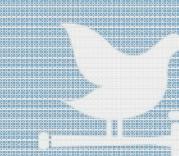
13 CLIMATE ACTION



15 LIFE  
ON LAND



16 PEACE, JUSTICE  
AND STRONG  
INSTITUTIONS



17 PARTNERSHIPS  
FOR THE GOALS



**Production value of  
Swedish forest based  
products  
€ 12,000,000,000**

**Market value of sustainably  
produced roundwood  
€ 3,000,000,000**

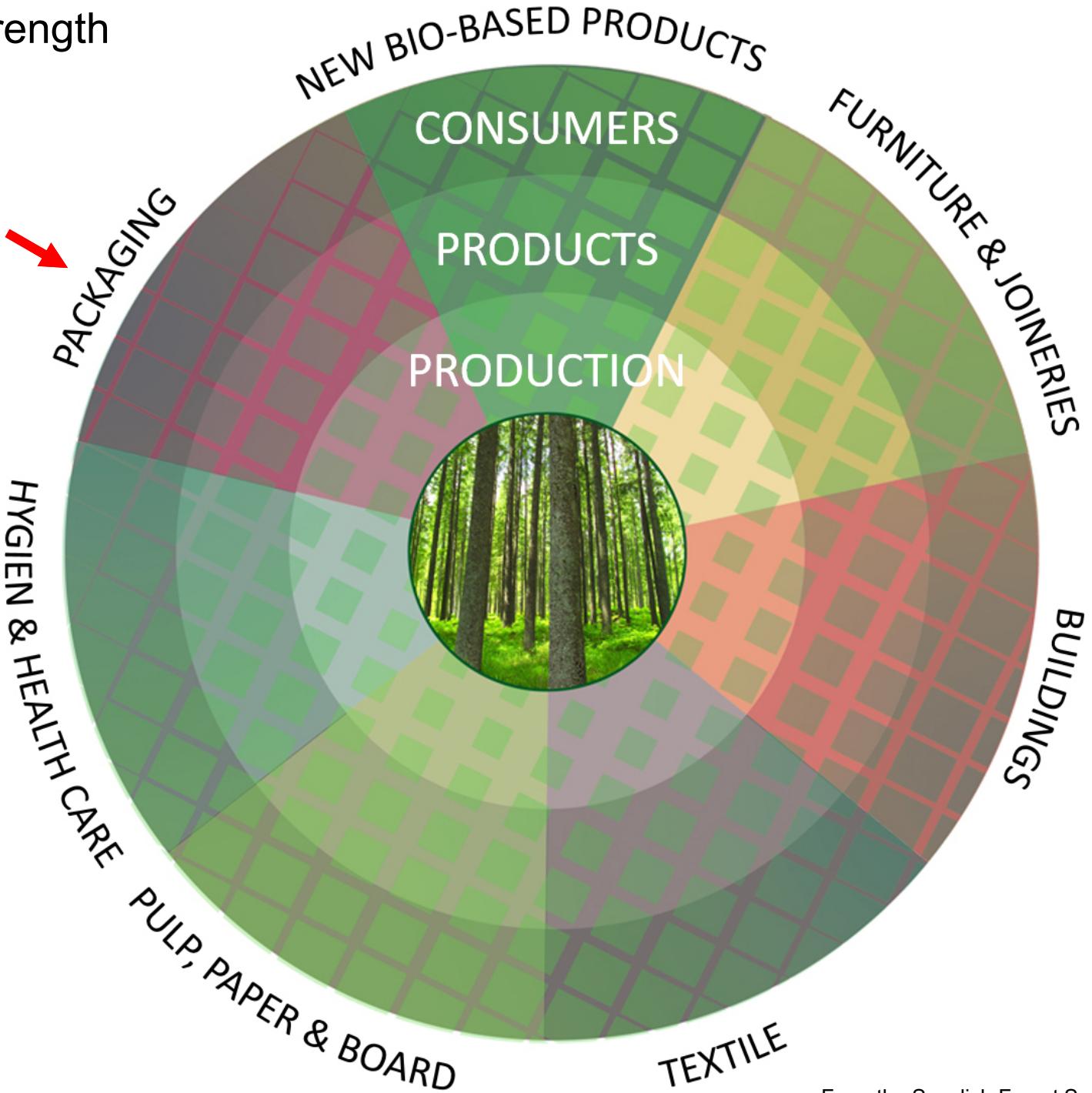


# Forests and forestry

- *Sustainability*
- *More forest based materials*
  - *Value chains*
  - *Right from initiation*
  - *Other ecosystem services*



Stiffness, bending strength  
Shape stability  
Durability  
Surface properties  
Visual properties



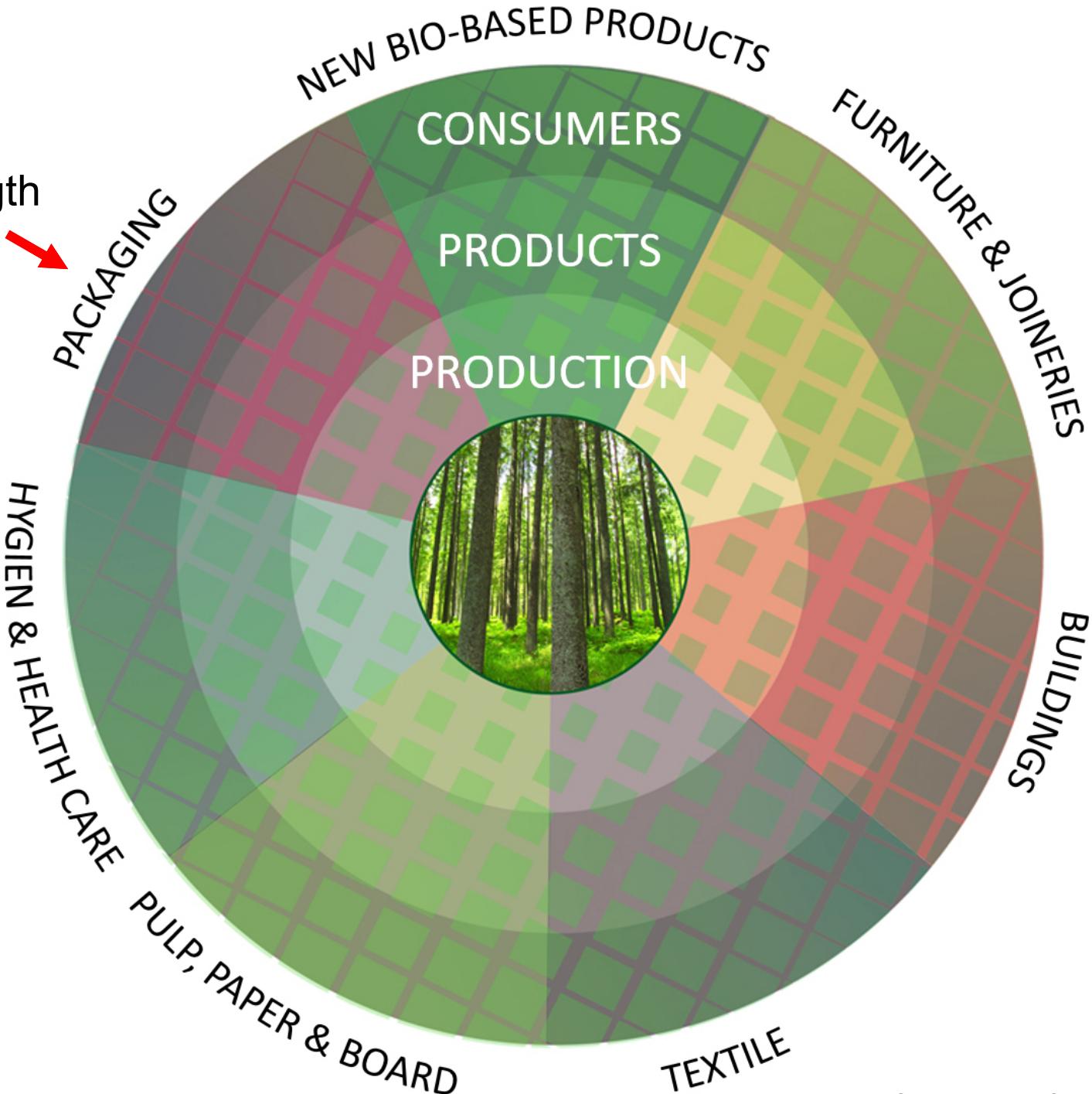
Fibre properties  
(length, cell-wall  
thickness etc)

Tear, tensile strength

Porosity

Extractives

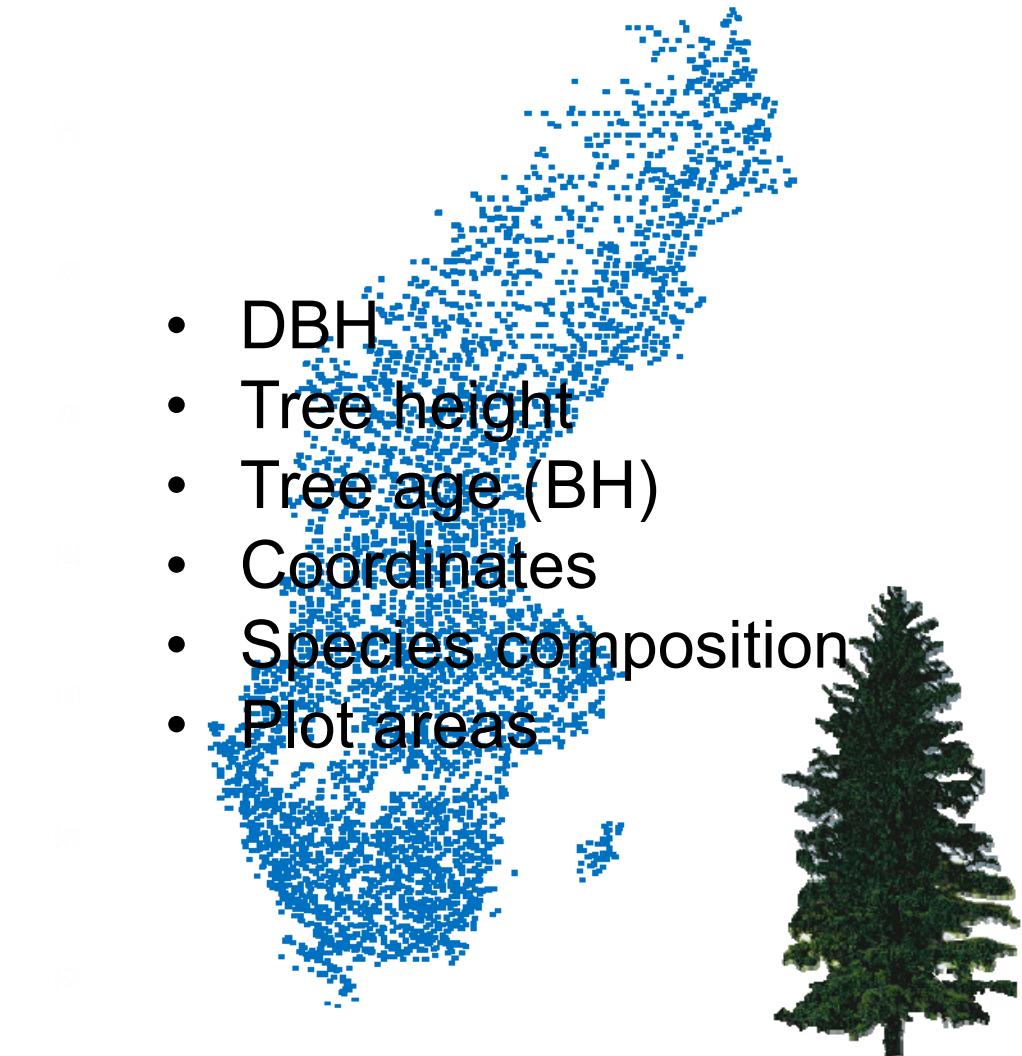
.....



# Material: Sample plots from the Swedish National Forest Inventory



~ 45000 Scots pine trees



~ 70 000 Norway spruce trees

- DBH
- Tree height
- Age (BH)
- Coordinates
- Species
- Plot areas



Simulated harvesting



56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68  
Latitud°

# Some wood properties harder to measure during operation, but possible to predict

- **Basic density**
  - Bending strength- & stiffness, C-class
  - Surface hardness
  - Chip and fiber properties,
  - Yield (material) & Combustion value



- **Thickest branch/whorl**  
**+ Distance between whorles**



- **Heartwood**
  - durability



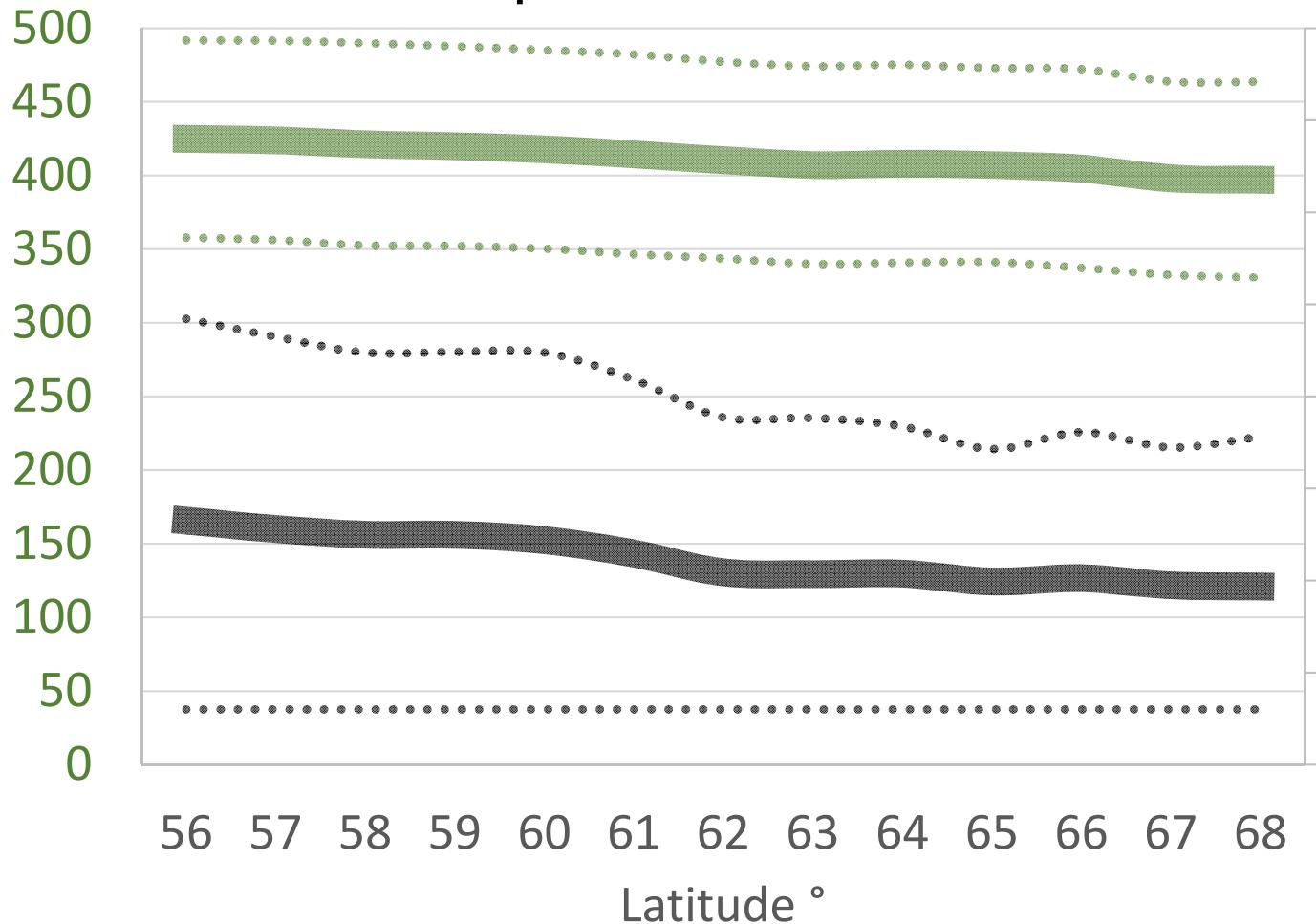
# Scots pine all sawlogs, small end diameter > 140 mm



Basic density,  
kg/m<sup>3</sup>sub

Mean values  
& ---- 95% of  
predicted variation

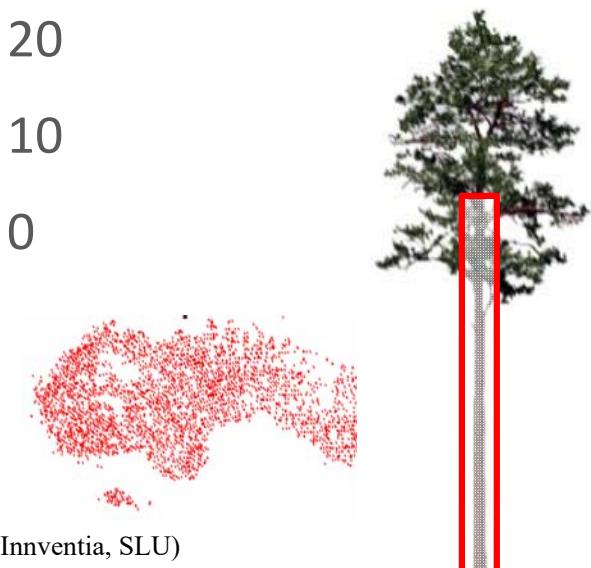
Thickest  
branch/whorl  
(mm)



52699 logs

Results from simulated harvesting of plots from

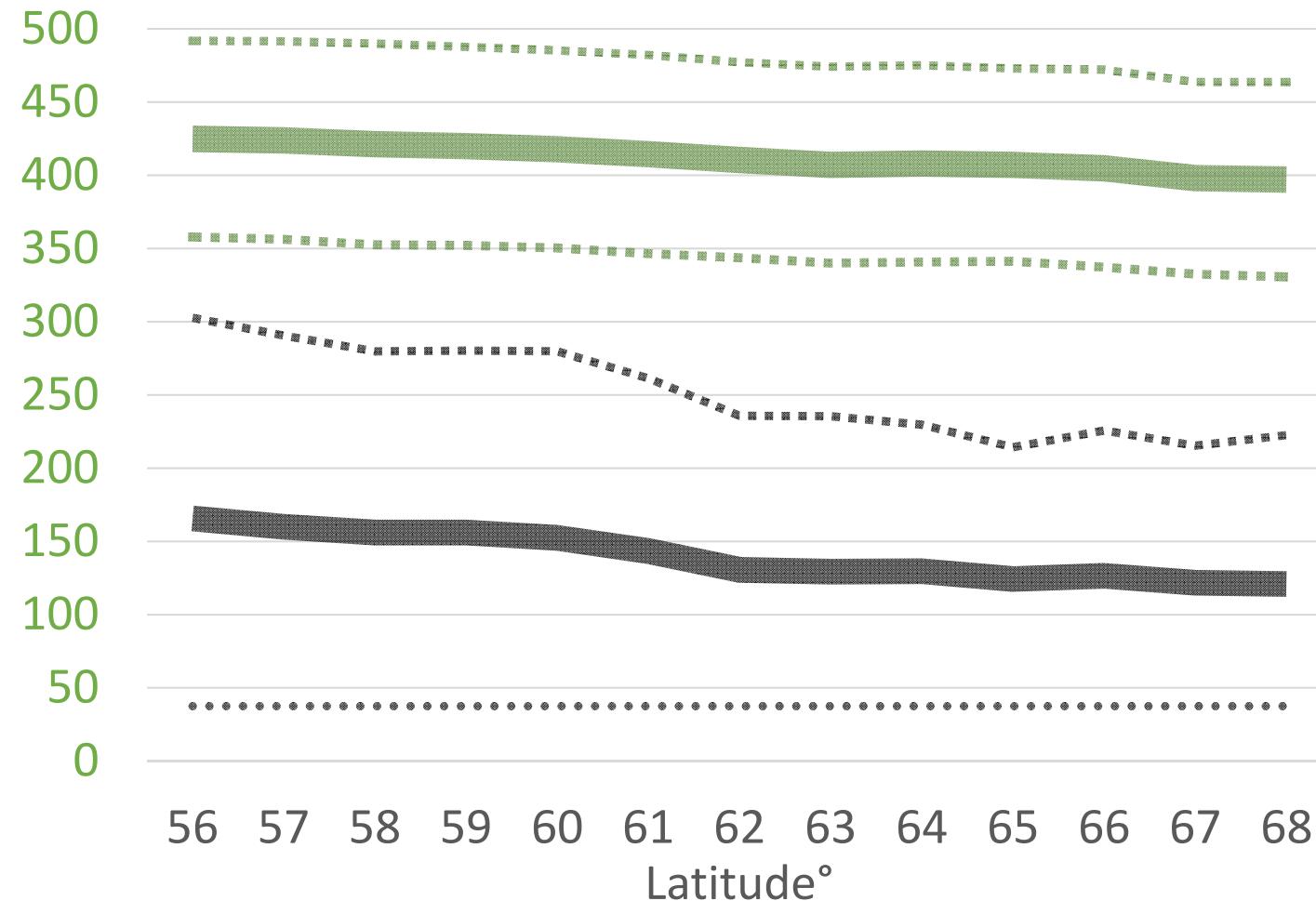
The Swedish National Forest Inventory, Bucking simulations by TimAn (Skogforsk) and models for predicting wood properties (Skogforsk, Innventia, SLU)



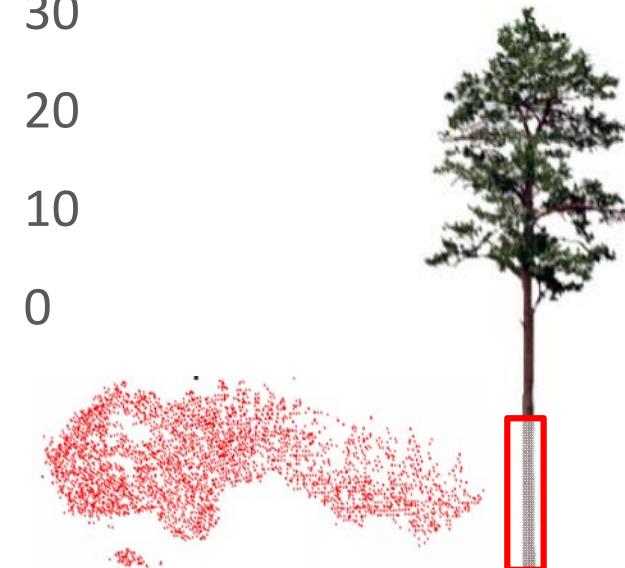
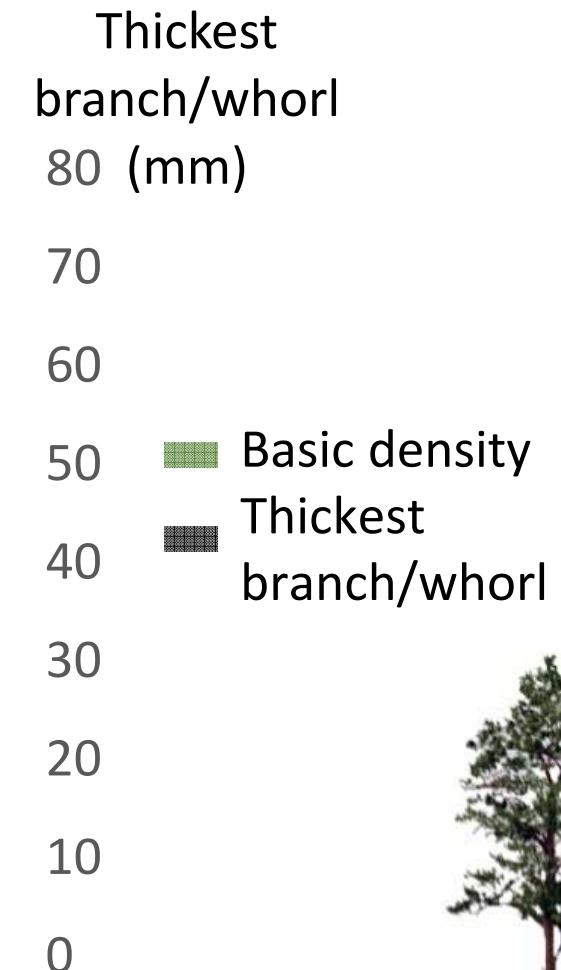
# Scots pine all butt logs > 140 mm

Basic density,  
kg/m<sup>3</sup>sub

Mean values  
& ---- 95% of  
predicted variation



Results from simulated harvesting of plots from  
The Swedish National Forest Inventory, Bucking simulations by TimAn (Skogforsk) and models  
for predicting wood properties (Skogforsk, Innventia, SLU)



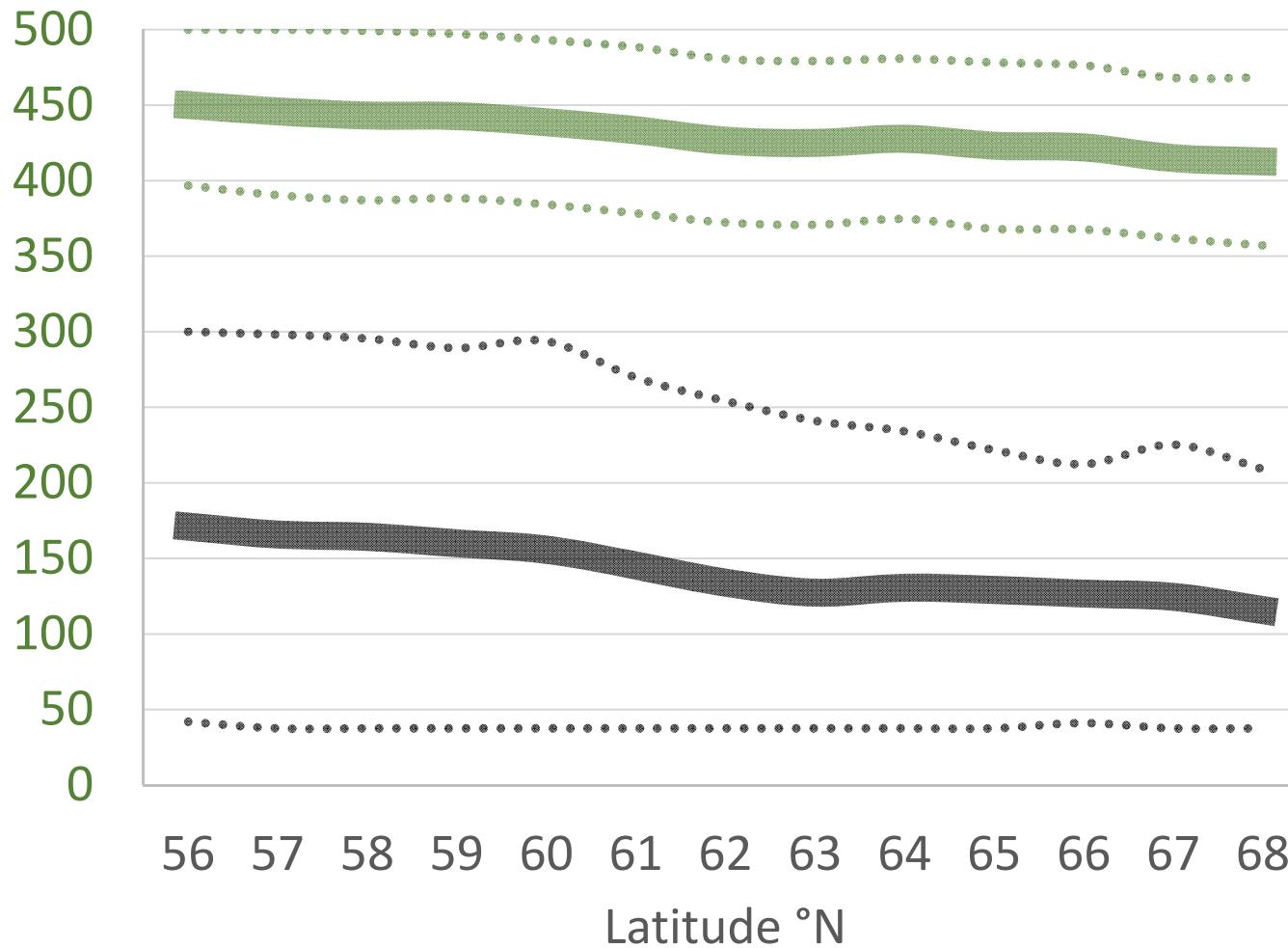
# Example Butt logs Scots pine

## Small end diameters 220 -239 mm (ub)

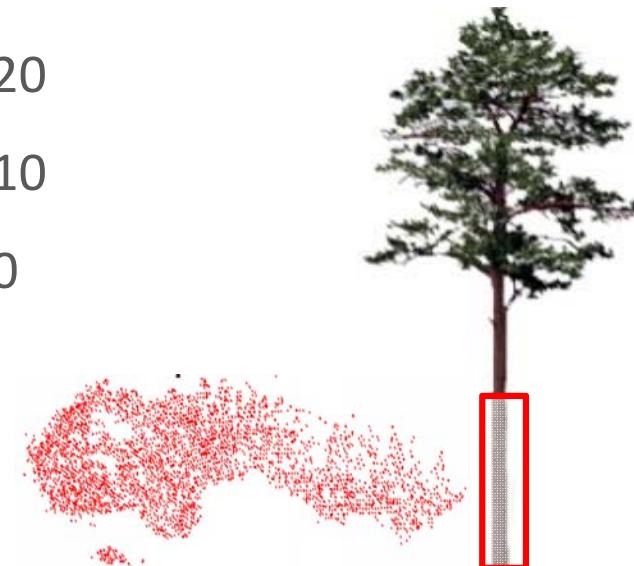
Basic density  
kg/m<sup>3</sup>sub

Mean values  
& ---- 95% of  
predicted variation

Thickest  
branch/whorl  
(mm)



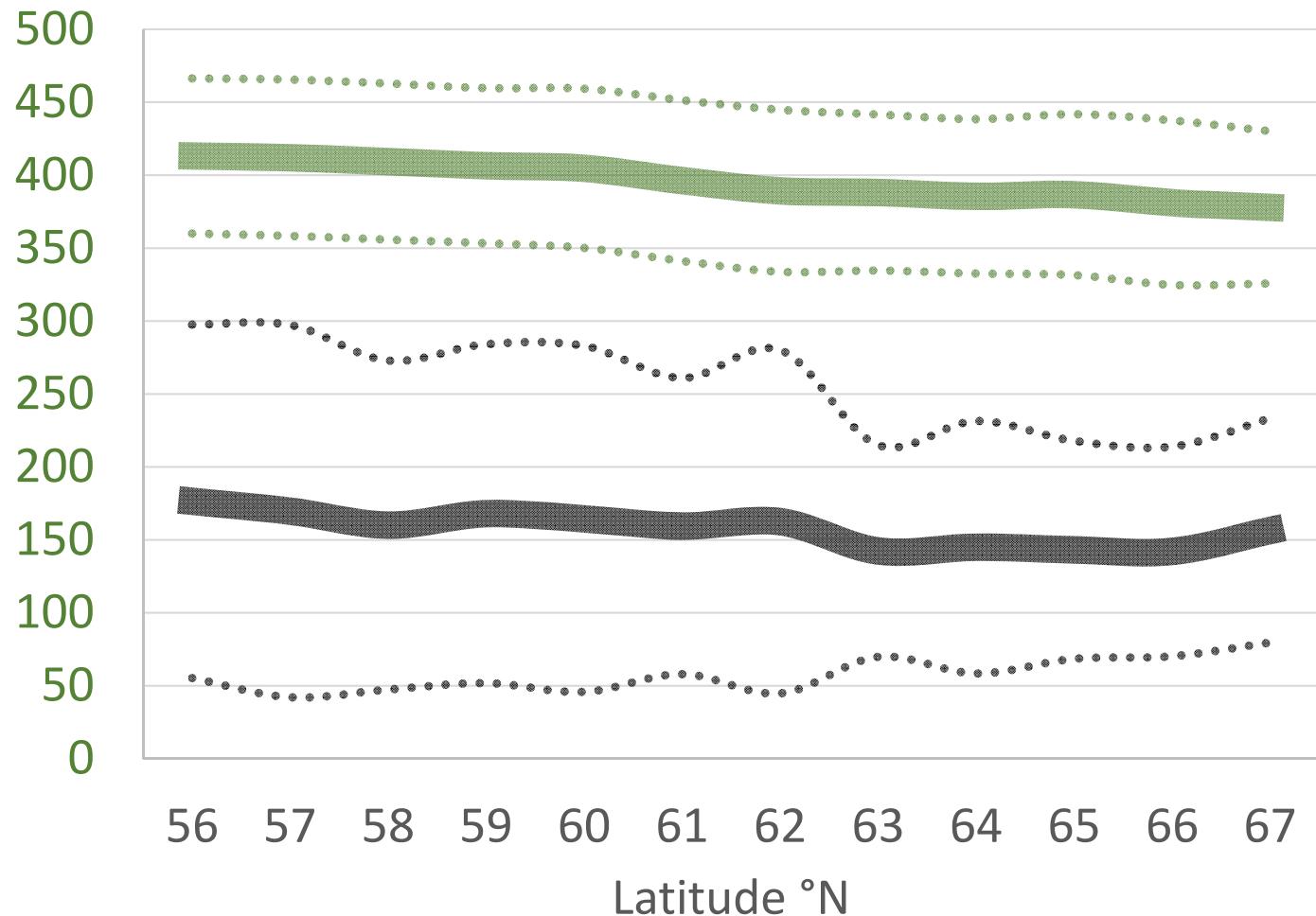
Basic density  
Thickest  
branch/whorl



# Example 2:nd logs Scots pine

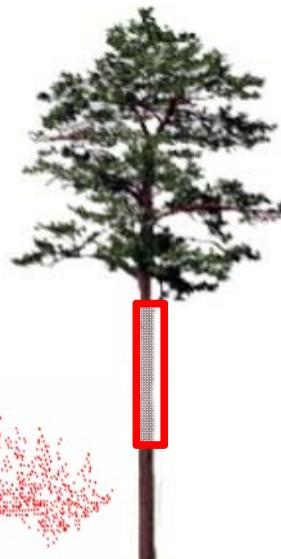
## Small end diameters 220 -239 mm (ub)

Basic density  
kg/m<sup>3</sup>sub



Thickest  
branch/whorl  
(mm)

Basic density  
Thickest  
branch/whorl



1370 logs

Results from simulated harvesting of plots from

The Swedish National Forest Inventory, Bucking simulations by TimAn (Skogforsk) and models  
for predicting wood properties (Skogforsk, Innventia, SLU)

# Scots pine, all sawlogs > 140 mm

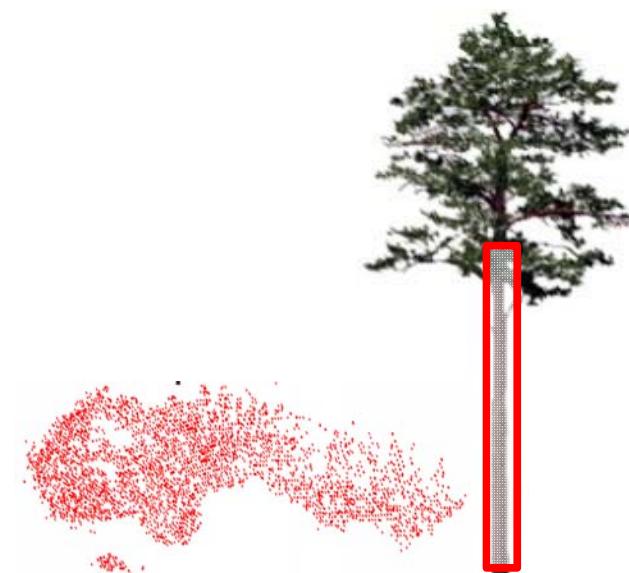
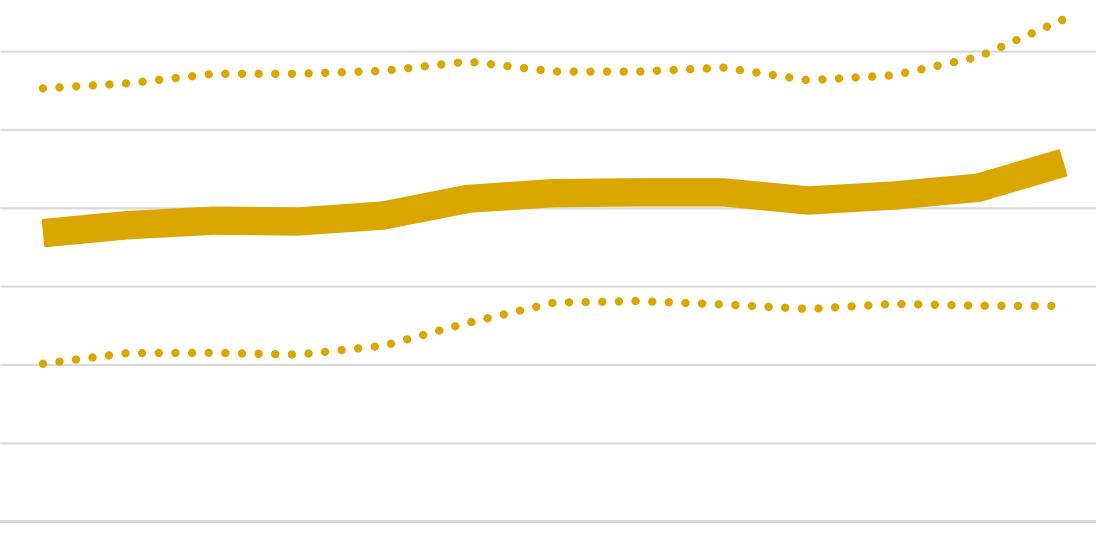


Heartwood  
percentage  
%

100  
90  
80  
70  
60  
50  
40  
30  
20  
10  
0

56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68  
Latitude°N

■ Heartwood %



Results from simulated harvesting of plots from  
The Swedish National Forest Inventory, Bucking simulations by TimAn (Skogforsk) and models  
for predicting wood properties (Skogforsk, Innventia, SLU)

# Example Buttlogs Scots pine, Toppdiameter 220 -239 mm (ub)



Heartwood  
percentage

%

100

90

80

70

60

50

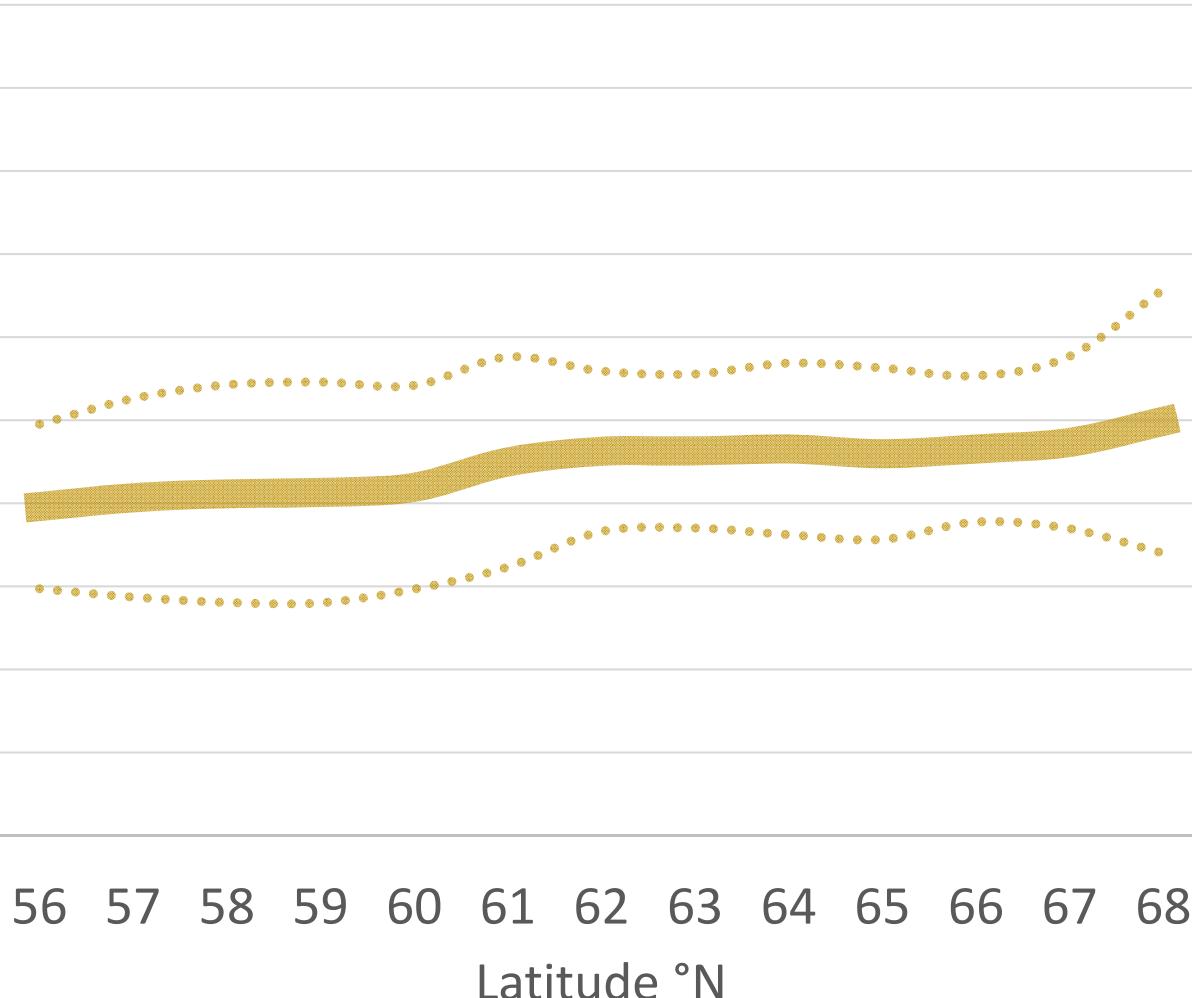
40

30

20

10

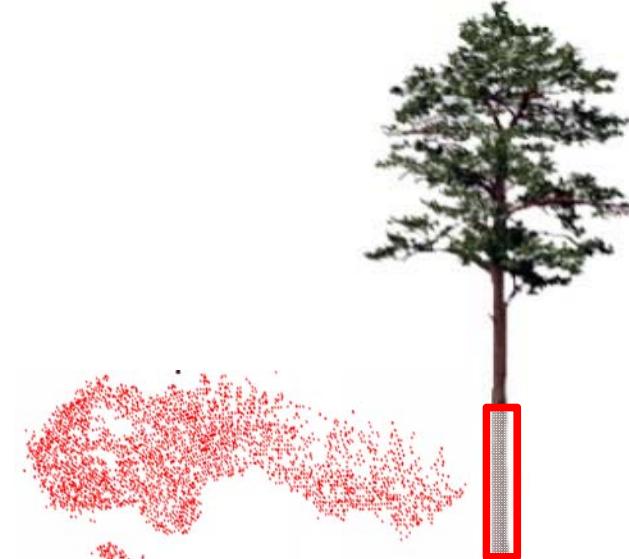
0



Results from simulated harvesting of plots from  
The Swedish National Forest Inventory, Bucking simulations by TimAn (Skogforsk) and models  
for predicting wood properties (Skogforsk, Innventia, SLU)



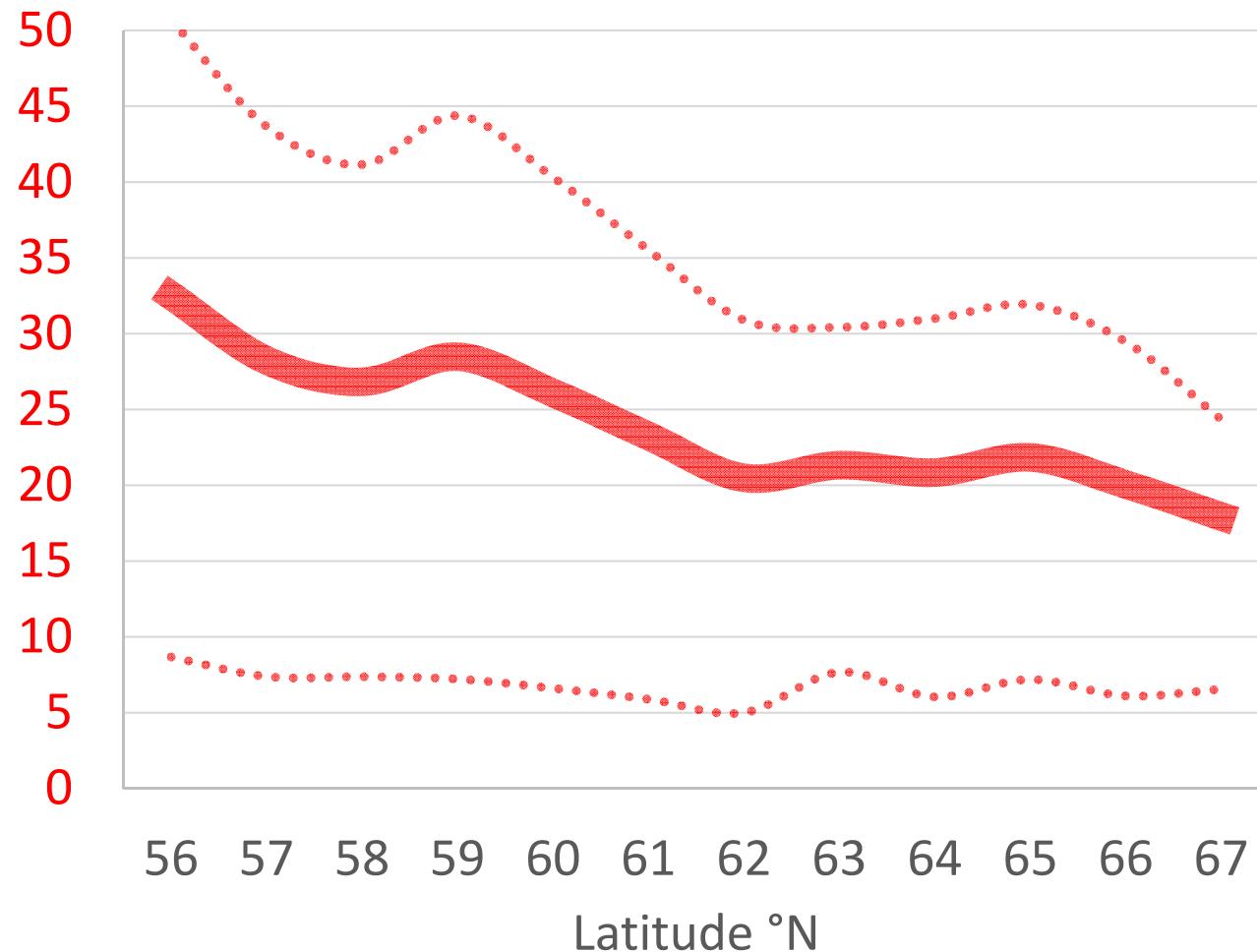
■ Heartwood %



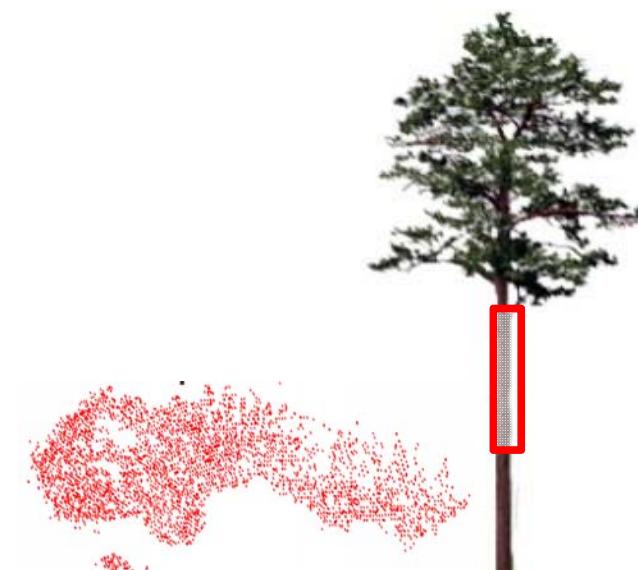
# Example: 2:nd logs Scots pine

## Small end diameter 220 -239 mm (ub)

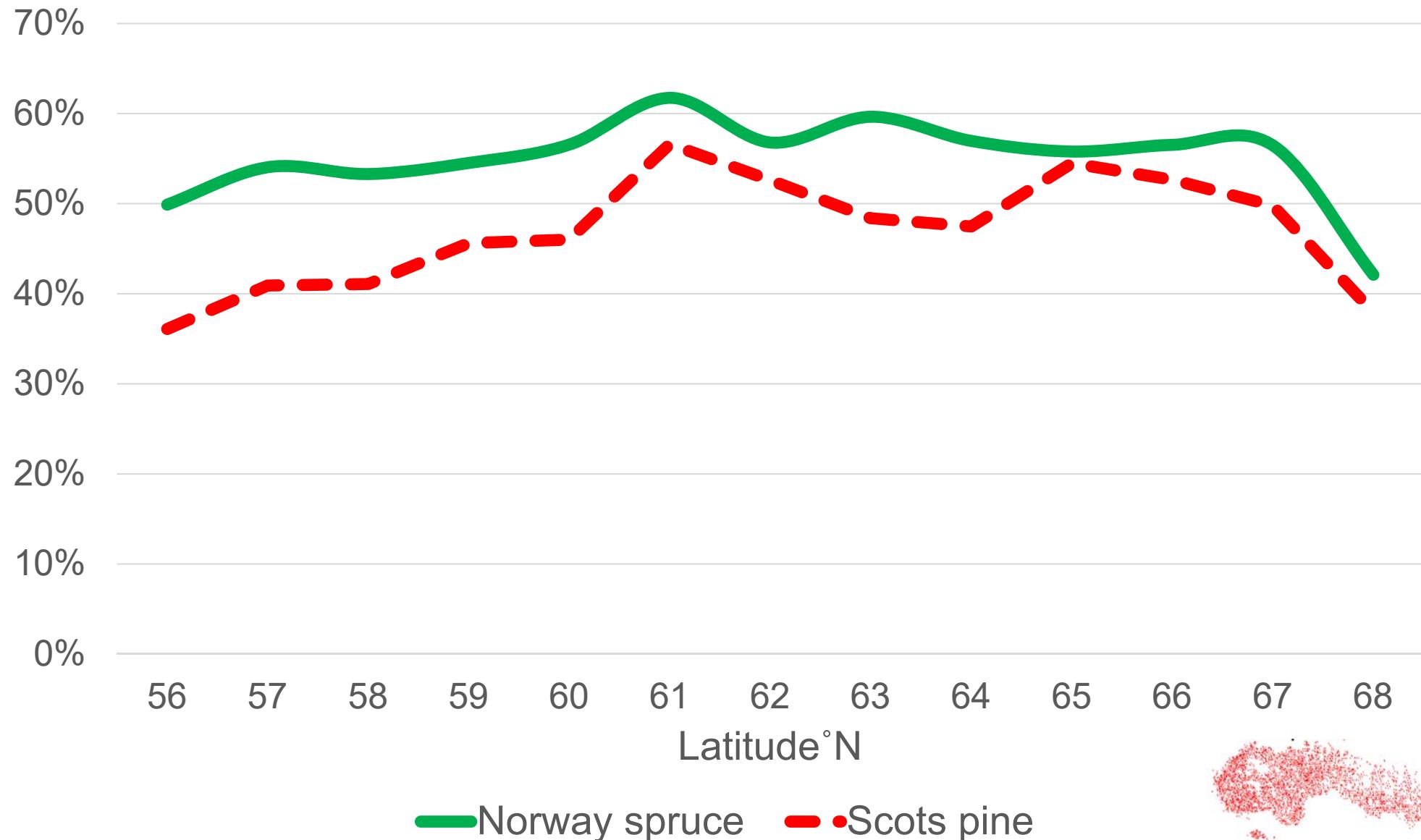
Distance between  
branch whorls, cm



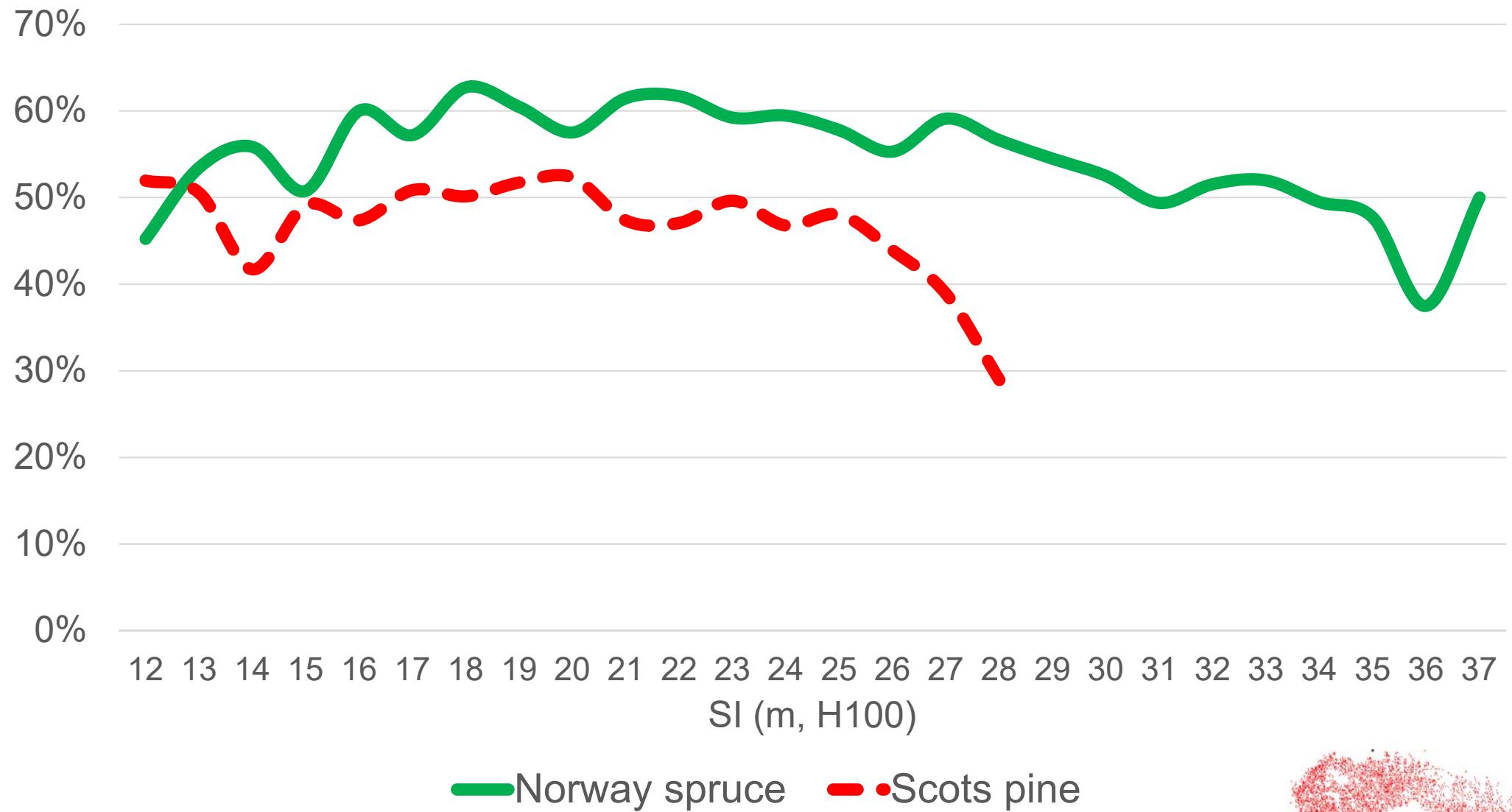
■ Distance between  
whorls



## Percentage trees without any crooks or damage over latitudes



## Percentage trees without any crooks or visible damage over site fertility index (SI)



# Mapping of stem properties by harvester production files (StanForD)

- Data on individual logs/stems reported from all harvested objects
  - Log diameters, length and longitudinal positions in stems
  - Species
  - Coordinates
  - Stem faults (operator's forced cuts)
- Stems can be "reconstructed" to analyse alternative bucking regimes
- Skogforsk has established a nationwide database of harvester production files. More results coming.....



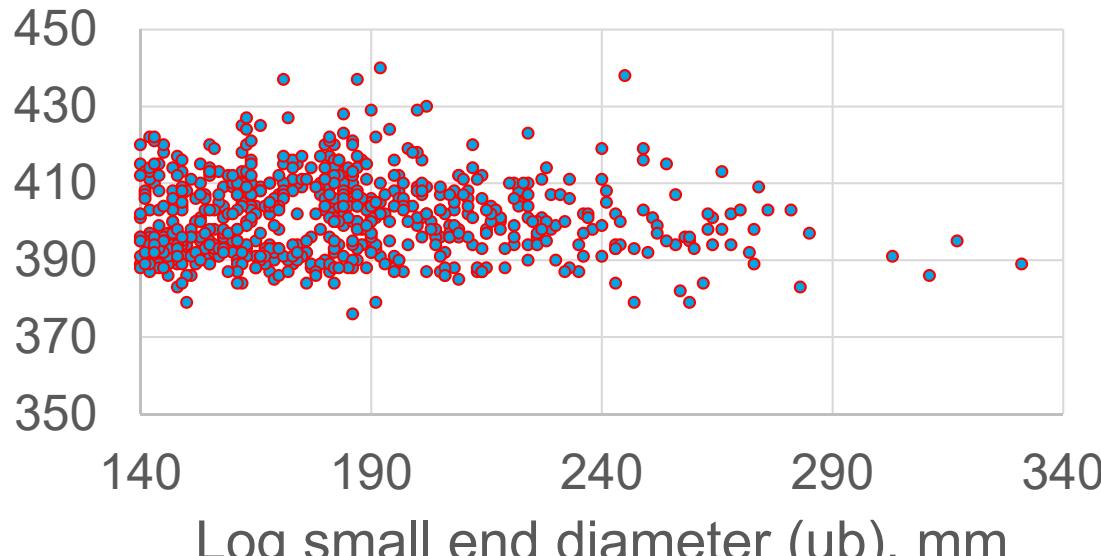
Example from  
a randomly  
picked  
harvesting  
object  
"Labbo"  
~ latitude 60°

**BERGVIK SKOG**



kg/m<sup>3</sup>sub

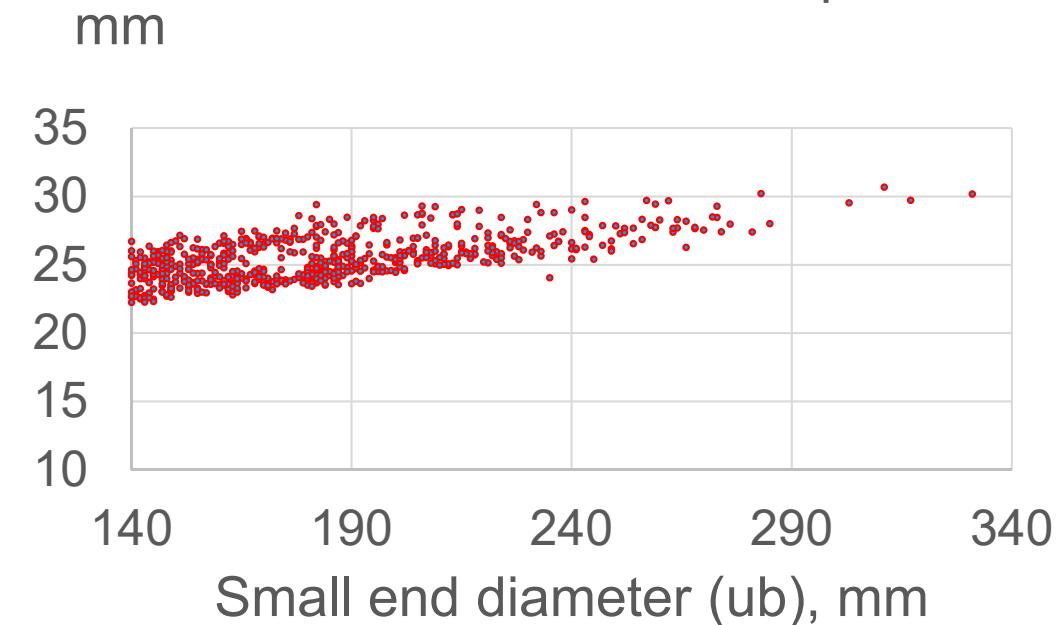
## Basic density



Labbo, Örbyhus  
ex. Ala pine quality 3



Thickest branch per whorl, mm



# WOOD GAME HOUSE



Mastering the variations  
opens new opportunities

# Conclusions

- Large variation in wood properties – turn problem to opportunity!
- The variation pattern is similar for pine and spruce
- Internal properties of logs can be calculated and partly predicted by tree height, diameter (along stem) tree age (bh) coordinates + models of wood properties
- All this can be utilized for
  - improving utilization of the variability of forest raw materials
  - improving planning and yield calculations

# 17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



**SKOGFORSK**



## General aim - EFFORTE

to develop and adopt novel technology and tools that improve:

- efficiency and sustainability of forestry
- throughout the entire forest based value chain within the EU

