Development of a Framework for DHS Management, Clinical & Support Staff and Standardised Job Profiles

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NATIONAL FAMILY PHYSICIANS WORKSHOP

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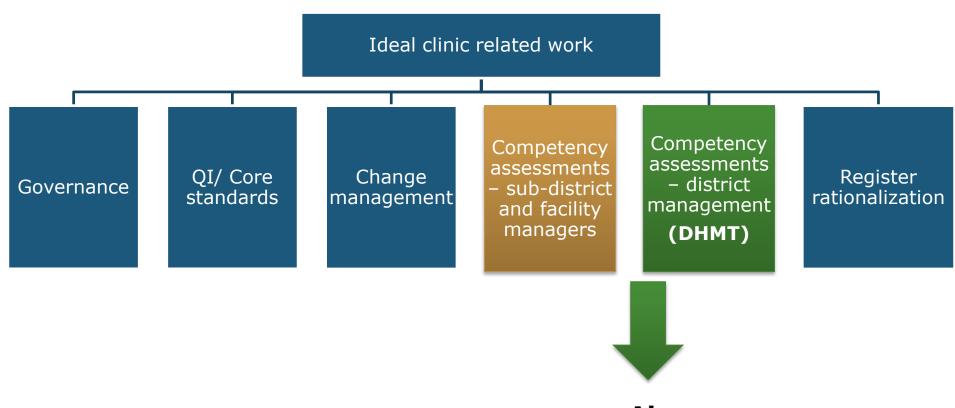
CONTROL AND PREVENTION



Overview

- Purpose and objectives
- Process
- Progress to date
- Overview of framework
- Role of Family Physician
- Challenges
- Way forward
- Conclusion





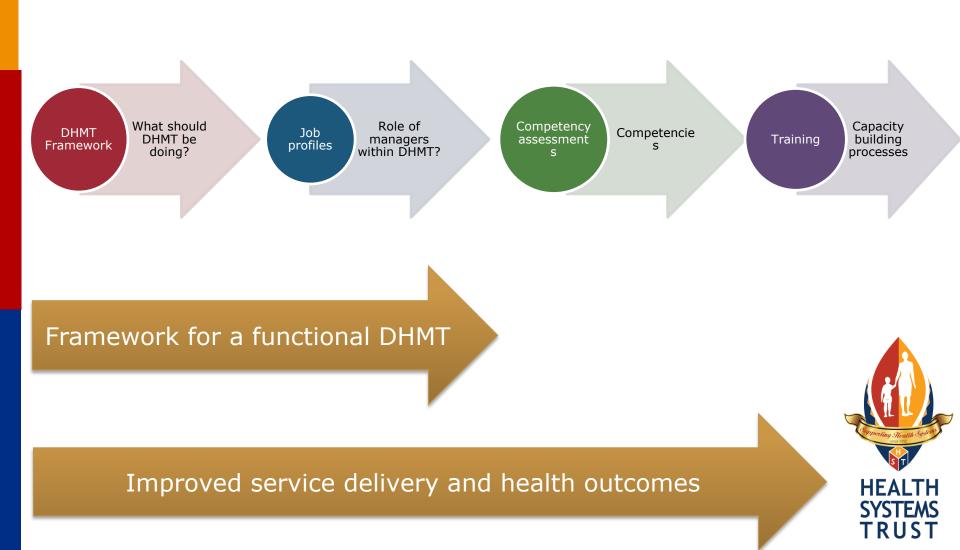
- Aim
- To assess the general management and public health competencies of managers
- To develop a framework for district health system management, clinical and support staffing

Purpose

- Provide a framework to guide DHS management, clinical and support staffing.
- Includes a rationale and guidance on ideal composition, structure, roles and responsibilities of an optimal DHMT.



Rationale



Objectives

- To describe the **functions** of the ideal DHMT;
- To determine the **optimal structure(s)** for an effective and functional DHMT;
- To determine key areas of responsibility for each DHMT member;
- To develop job profiles for relevant identified members of the DHMT which include:
 - Required qualifications
 - Required competencies (knowledge and skills)
 - Proposed key roles and areas of responsibility (KRAs)



Process

- Literature and document review
- Consultative workshops:
 - National workshops:
 - 18-19 June 2014;
 - 9-10 December 2014;
 - Participants managers (support and clinical) from all 9 provinces, academics, labour representatives, NDOH representatives, DPME.
 - Provincial workshops:
 - March April 2015
 - Participants DHMT members (management, clinical, support)
 - Consultation with DPSA and HR specialists



Overview of framework

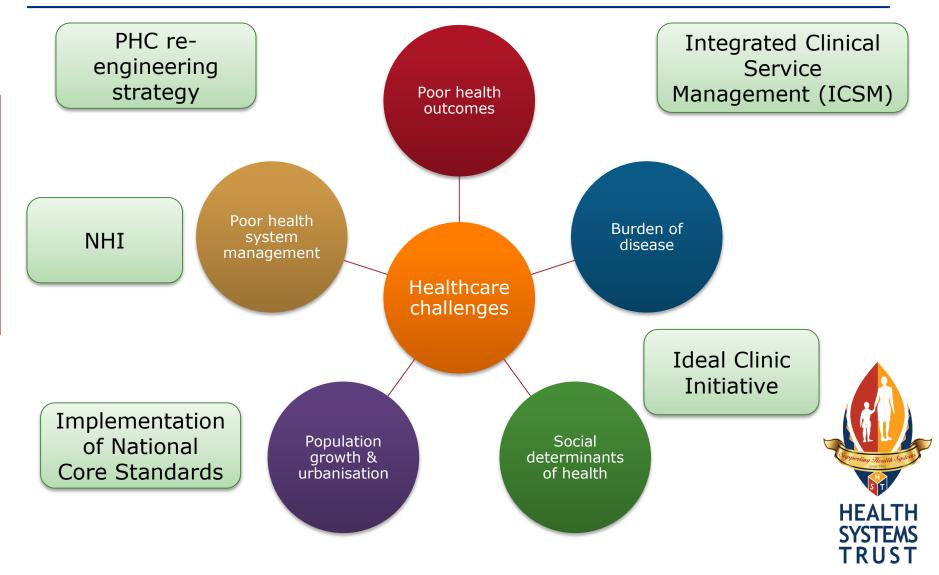


Healthcare challenges

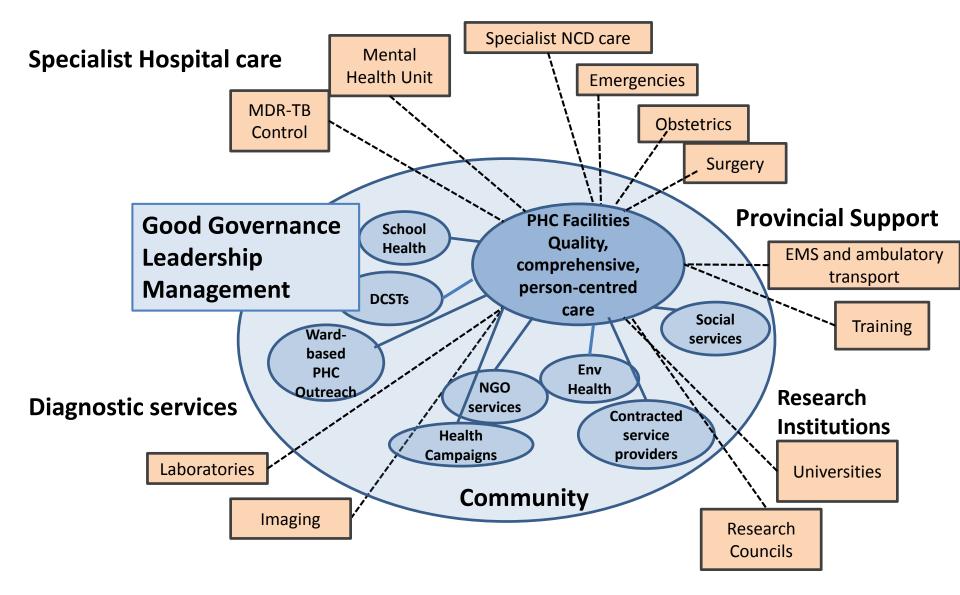




Healthcare challenges



Structure of DHS

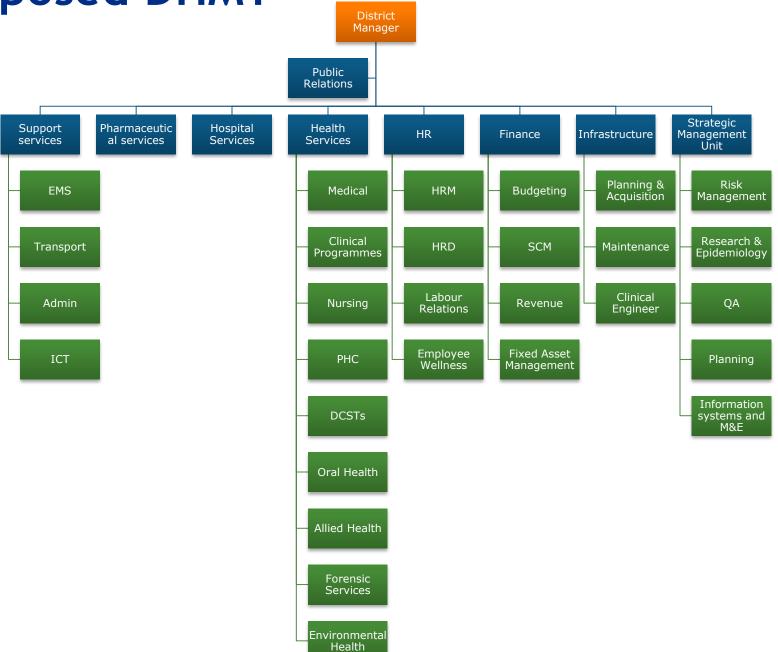


DHMT functions





Proposed DHMT



Overview of current district staff establishments

- Rapid assessment of district staff establishments was conducted using PERSAL data from 9 NHI districts in Jan 2014.
- Variations in post titles and levels for similar functional positions
- Recommendation:
 - Span of control
 - Affordable
 - Fulfill NHI requirements
 - In line with WISN principles

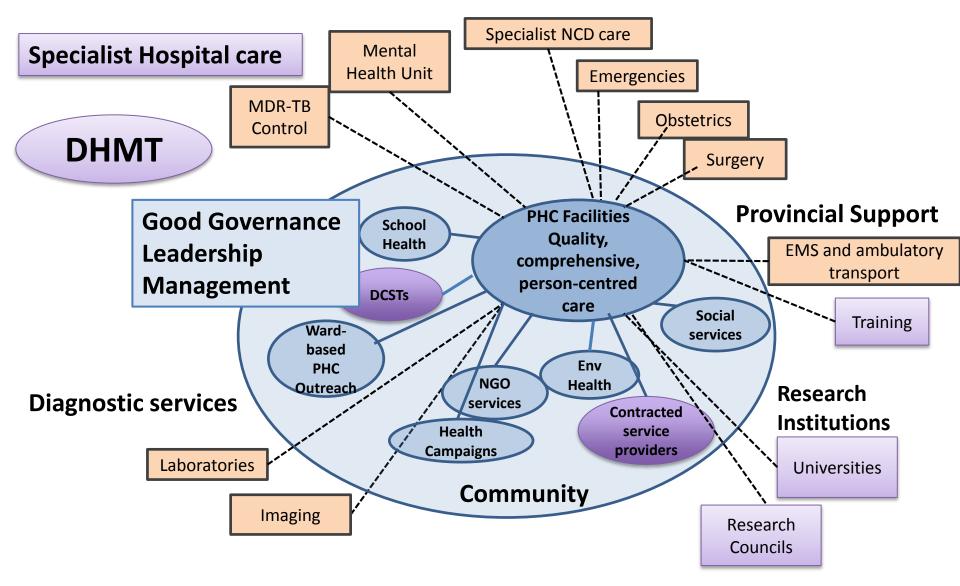
Chandran T. Review of staff establishment of district offices. Step 1: Situational Analysis of District Staff Establishments: HLSP. 2014

Role of Family Physician

- Provision of leadership, clinical and corporate governance through various positions.
- Clinical care
- Training and capacity building.
- Research generate evidence to inform practice and policy



Role of Family Physician



Role of Family Physician District Manager Public Relations Strategic Pharmaceutic Hospital Support Health HR Management Finance Infrastructure Services services al services Services Unit Planning & Risk EMS Medical HRM Budgeting Acquisition Clinical SCM Transport HRD Maintenance

Environmental Health

Admin

ICT

Management Research & Epidemiology Programmes Clinical Labour Nursing QA Revenue Engineer Relations **Fixed Asset** Employee PHC Planning Wellness Management Information DCSTs systems and M&E Oral Health Allied Health Forensic Services

Challenges



Challenges - Framework

No one size fits all:

- Variations in district size (population, geographical spread)
- Challenges in implementation of DHS: variation in stages of implementation in various districts, changes in boundaries



Challenges - Job profiles

Qualifications:

- Proposals are suggestions based on roles, review of documents and consultation with stakeholders;
- The final outcome would be determined following job evaluation process in line with legislative frameworks (DPSA role);
- Need to bridge gap between current generic qualifications and specific skill set required for healthcare managers (particularly for support staff);
- How does one couple the capacity development process with DHS framework process? Are these proposed skill sets in existence and if not how do you bridge the gap Profiles should go hand in hand with competencies assessment and a skills development plan.

Way forward

- Ongoing consulation process with provinces;
- Consolidation of input and refinement of framework and job profiles;
- Consultation with DPSA on qualifications, experience and delegations;
- Presentation to NHC technical committee.



Conclusion

- The development of job profiles requires time due to the need for wide consultation, however the process is valuable in that it reflects the experiences and views from different contexts in SA.
- Progress has been made in terms of moving towards the ultimate fully functional DHMT with clear roles and responsibilities.
- Family physicians are uniquely placed to contribute to improving PHC, training therefore needs to take into account the context in which they will practice.

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