# Information Saves Lives Help keep the Tygerberg Information Centre open, donate today! TYGERBERG POISON Please make your contribution by visiting www.sun.ac.za/poisoncentre TEL: 021 931 6129

# EARLY AND PRE-HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT CHART

ACETONE BATTERY (BUTTON) BENZINE CAMPHORATED OIL CARBON TETRACHLORIDE DISINFECTANTS PAINT (OIL) NAIL POLISH REMOVER METAL CLEANERS & POLISHES INSECT REPELLENT INSECTICIDES

FIRELIGHTERS PARAFFIN PAINT REMOVER (SOLVENT) PESTICIDES PETROL SNAIL BAIT THINNERS TURPENTINE (MINERAL) VARNISH AMMONIA ACID BATTERY ACID BLEACH CAUSTIC SODA CEMENT CHLORINE (FOR POOLS) CONDY'S CRYSTALS DETERGENTS DISHWASHING LIQUIDS DISHWASHING POWDER (AUTOMATIC) DRAIN CLEANERS DYES (FABRIC OR HAIR) FABRIC SOFTENER

## TREATMENT:

Do not make the person vomit. Do not give them anything to drink or eat.

Snake or spider bite, or scorpion sting: If possible, try to identify the cause and contact the poison information centre or get the patient to a clinic/ hospital as soon as possible.

STORE ALL MEDICINES, HOUSEHOLD CHEMICALS AND PESTICIDES OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. If a poisonous substance comes into contact with the eyes, do not try to neutralize it, just rinse eyes gently with water for 15–20 minutes and get the person to the nearest clinic/hospital. If skin comes into contact with a poisonous substance, wash with soap and water. Take the container and a sample of the medication or poison or plant or other biological specimen to the clinic or hospital with the patient.

Keep this chart handy so that you know what to do in the event of a poisoning. Contact the poison information centre and follow the treatment guidelines below.

TREATMENT:

FERTILISERS FLUORIDE TABLETS (GIVE MILK) HAIR COLOURANTS HAIR PERMS, STRAIGHTENERS HYDROCHLORIC ACID HYDROGEN PEROXIDE OVEN CLEANER PAINT REMOVER (CAUSTIC) TOILET CLEANERS WASHING POWDER WASHING SODA WEEDKILLERS (HERBICIDES) WINDOW (GLASS) CLEANERS POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE

Do not make the person vomit. Small amounts of water may be given by mouth. Do not try to neutralize the poison. ALCOHOL CALAMINE LOTION COSMETICS DEODORANTS DEODORANTS GLUE (CONTACT AND OTHER) MERCUROCHROME MERCUROCHROME METHYLATED SPIRITS PERFUMES PLANTS SHAMPOOS SURGICAL SPIRITS VITAMINS

### TREATMENT:

Do not make the person vomit. Small amounts (half a cup) of water or milk may be given by mouth. ASPIRIN IRON TABLETS MEDICINES MOTHBALLS (NAPHTHALENE) MUSHROOMS (POISONOUS) PARACETAMOL PILLS RAT BAIT (E.G. RATTEX) TABLETS VITAMINS + IRON

### TREATMENT:

Contact the Poison Centre and get the patient to a clinic or hospital as soon as possible.